

# EPPS 6313 : Recitation Session #9

## Problem 1

(From the last session problem) Independent variable(X) is the number of cigarette the patients smoke a day, and dependent variable(Y) is Lung capacity.

(a) Make a regression equation for this

(b) Calculate ESS and  $R^2$

Cigarettes(x)	Lung Capacity(Y)
0	45
5	42
10	33
15	31
20	29

# EPPS 6316 : Recitation Session #9

## Problem 1

Under heteroskedasticity, the OLS coefficients are unbiased, but error variance  $Var(u|x)$  is not constant any more. Show why it happens mathematically.

## Problem 2

```
regress y x1 x2
```

Source	SS	df	MS	Number of obs	=	100
Model	73.351891	2	36.6759455	F( 2, 97)	=	26.48
Residual	134.328266	97	1.38482748	Prob > F	=	0.0000
Total	207.680156	99	2.09777936	R-squared	=	0.3532
				Adj R-squared	=	0.3399
				Root MSE	=	1.1768

  

y		Coef.	Std. Err.	t	P> t	[95% Conf. Interval]
x1		2.214879	.4154986	5.33	0.000	1.390229 3.039528
x2		-2.175013	.4181382	-5.20	0.000	-3.004902 -1.345124
_cons		.362262	.3100512	1.17	0.246	-.2531038 .9776279

```
hettest
```

```
Breusch-Pagan / Cook-Weisberg test for heteroskedasticity
```

```
Ho: Constant variance
```

```
Variables: fitted values of y
```

```
chi2(1) = 0.06
Prob > chi2 = 0.8002
```

```
. whitetst
```

```
White's general test statistic : 16.77733 Chi-sq( 5) P-value = .0049
```

From above the STATA result, the two test results for heteroskedasticity are different. Explain the reason and its implication.